Demystifying **MORTGAGES**



Buying a home is likely the biggest purchase of your life, and you'll usually need a loan to make it happen Comparing mortgages can be confusing

you can understand how it works

and intimidating-let's break it all down so When shopping for a



mortgage, financial institutions have products with an advertised APR, which stands for Annual Percentage Rate.

the whole story—make sure to understand the type of mortgage being promoted. Plus, there are a wide range of additional costs to consider, including insurance, taxes, admin fees and any penalty fees that may apply.

But the APR doesn't tell



fixed-rate and an adjustable-rate mortgage ADJUSTABLE RATE An adjustable-rate mortgage (also known as a variable-rate mortgage) is based on a chosen index, so it changes

throughout the term of your loan. The index is a benchmark that reflects changes in the national economy. If the index goes up, so does your rate and the amount of your payment. If the index goes down, so does your rate and the amount of your payment.



entire term of your loan.

It's a trade-off Fixed-rate mortgages Adjustable-rate are consistent and mortgages usually have a lower

and it does not change over time. The amount

you pay monthly will stay the same for the

of rates rising in the future.

easier to budget for,

but tend to have

higher interest to

counter the effect

be unpredictable and harder to budget for.

advertised start rate, which is very

appealing, but can

type of mortgage is right for you. How does the mortgage repayment work?

PRINCIPAL

FIXED

Think about your

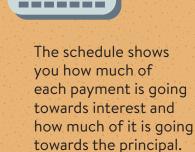
income, your future,

how long you plan to live in the home and

your risk tolerance

before deciding which

An amortization schedule is how your loan repayment is broken down into regular instalments over the term of the loan.



INTEREST **PAYMENT**

Let's say you have a \$150,000 fixed-rate mortgage with a 3% annual interest rate amortized over a 25-year

period. Your payment will be \$711 per month.



TOTAL INTEREST **RATE** OWING

\$375

This is how the interest is calculated for each payment ANNUAL **MONTHS** INTEREST IN A YEAR $$150,000 \times 3\% = $4,500 \div 12 = 375

The monthly payment for a fixed-rate mortgage is the amount paid by the borrower every month that ensures that the loan is paid off in full with interest at the end of its term.

INTEREST PRINCIPAL The following month, because your outstanding balance is now \$149,664, the interest portion of your monthly payment will be slightly lower and the principal portion will be slightly higher.

PAYMENT

In your first payment, \$375 will go towards interest

balance. So even though you've made a payment of \$711, your balance has only decreased by \$336.

and only \$336 will go towards your outstanding

 $$149,664 \times 3\% = $4,490 \div 12 = 374

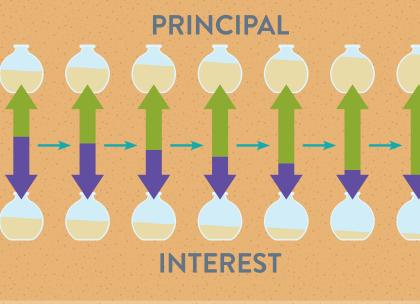
INTEREST IN

CURRENT

PAYMENT

\$336

A big chunk of your monthly payments go towards interest at the start of the term. Over time, more of your payment will go towards the principal than towards interest.



Understand before you sign People get into trouble by committing to

That 3% interest rate may not seem like much, but after 25 years, you will have made \$213,395 in payments on your

\$150,000 loan!

mortgages they don't understand. All the more reason to know exactly what you're getting into before signing anything.

TOTAL PAYMENTS

AFTER 25 YEARS

mortgage products available, honesty regarding your personal finances and clarity about your life situation. **BROUGHT TO YOU BY**

Cornerstone

A mortgage can be an empowering experience

or a burden. It all comes down to your understanding of the

Statistics Canada